



CA 9-1-1 Branch

Cal NENA 2019



Cal OES Mission and Vision





Role of the CA 9-1-1 Branch

Enable Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs) to provide the fastest, most reliable, and cost-effective telephone access to emergency services for any 9-1-1 caller in California from any communications device.

We would like to hear your feedback



2018 Statistics

27,018,953 Total 9-1-1 Calls in 2018

21,755,763 81% Wireless (Up 1% from 2017)

3,136,490 12% Wireline (Down 3% from 2017)

1,144,924 4% Voice over IP (No change)

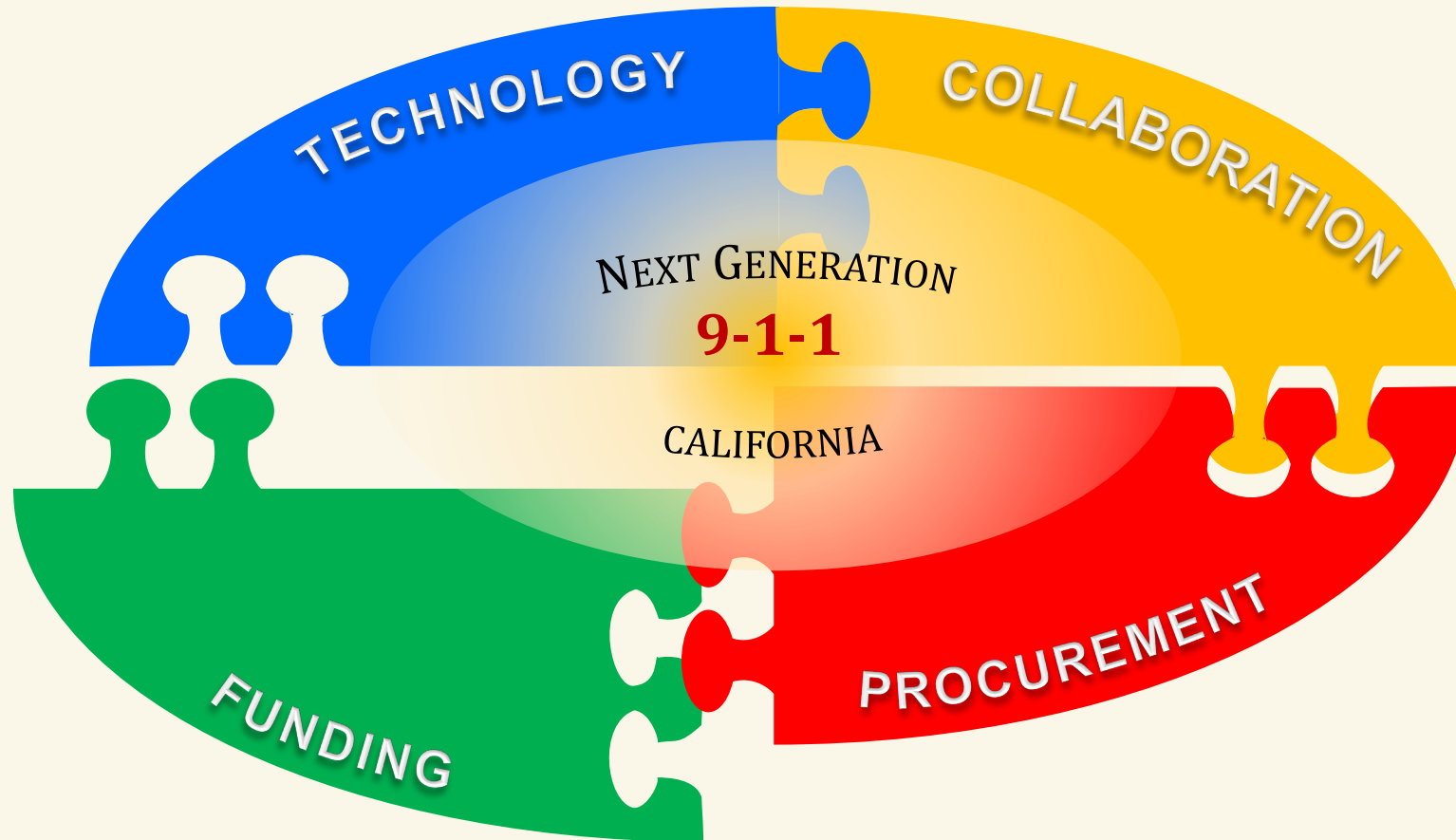
953,762 3% Other (Up 2% from 2017)

28,014 Text Messages (Up 10,000 from 2017)

Wireless rerouting project helped increase 9-1-1 call efficiency



Next Gen 9-1-1 in California





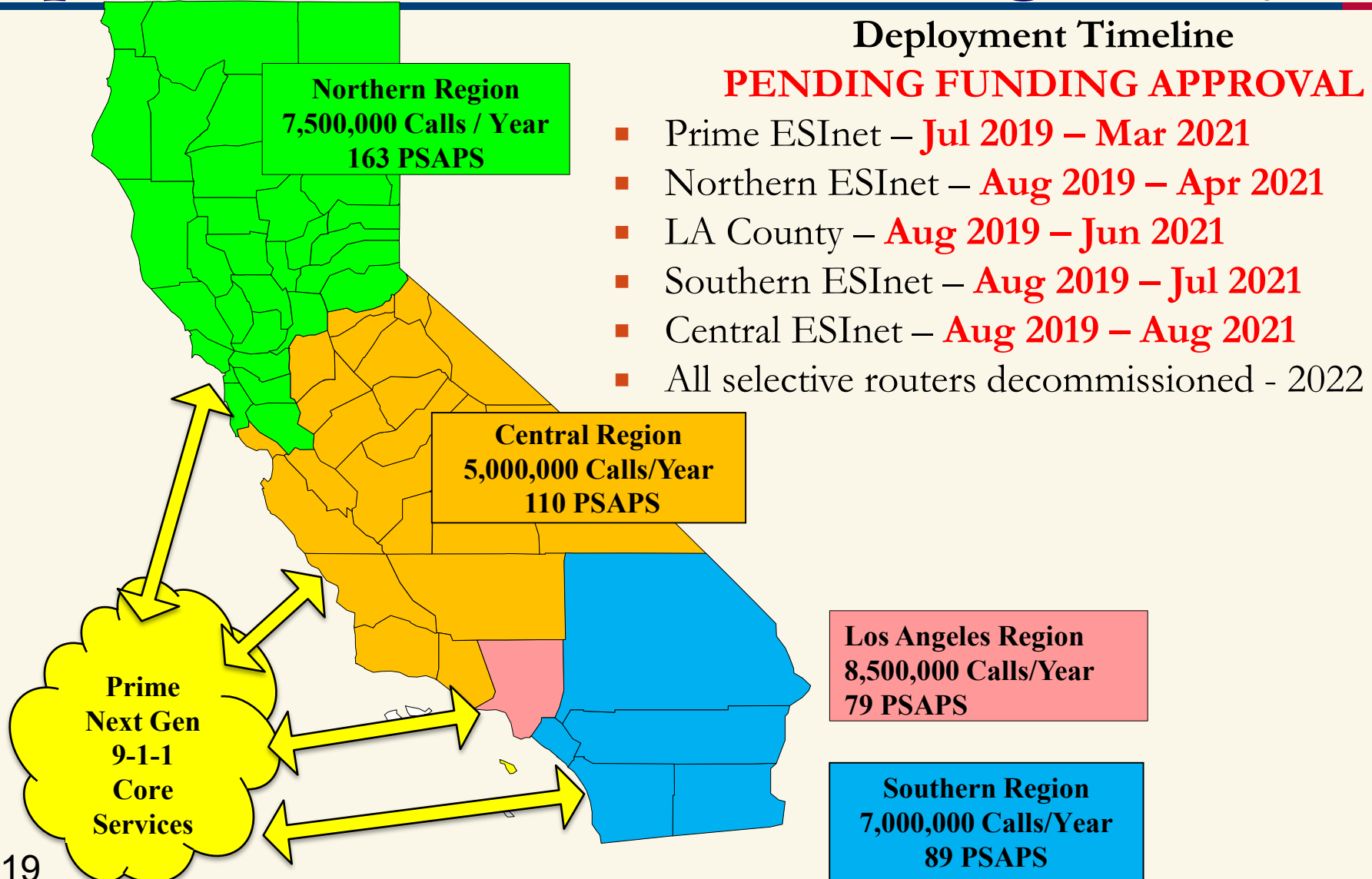
Why Next Gen 9-1-1 Remains Important

- Ensured emergency calls are quickly and accurately delivered – in 3 seconds or less
- Delivers increased location accuracy for wireless calls
- Provides a statewide common delivery system for Alerts and Warnings
- Increases resiliency by hardening the system to withstand natural and human-caused disasters
- Allows agencies to re-route 9-1-1 calls to each other during disasters
- Supports seamless text to 9-1-1 delivery into the call center
- Allows agencies to utilize state of the art mapping in order to better locate callers
- Reduces 9-1-1 system downtime. 9-1-1 outages are an ongoing problem with the aging infrastructure currently being used in California



Next Gen 9-1-1 RFP has been released!

Expect to award Prime and Regions by Aug 2019





Location Accuracy Project

- We have heard your voice – This is needed now
- On average most PSAPs see about 50% of calls arrive with location in 2-3 seconds
- What is Cal OES doing?
 - Contract awarded to RapidDeploy for software solution using device based data provided by RapidSOS Clearinghouse
 - Cal OES will provide RapidDeploy software at no cost to PSAP
- Pilot locations have been deployed – more details in breakout session



GIS Transition; Preparing for NG9-1-1

- 9-1-1 today uses a tabular dataset (similar to an Excel file)
- NG9-1-1 requires an updated location dataset (similar to a map)
- Cal OES must transition tabular dataset into a geo-encoded dataset for NG9-1-1

The Path Forward

- Cal OES has contracted with Digital Data Technologies (DDTI) to help transition the data
- Requires collaboration between: PSAP and GIS professionals

Two Breakout sessions provide more detail



NG9-1-1 Alert and Warning

- Goal is to provide a common technology platform for alerts and warnings.
- Ability to import existing alert and warning data.
- Ability to interface with FEMA Integrated Public Alert and Warning System and Wireless Emergency Alert (IPAWS/WEA)
- Ability to interface with Next Gen 9-1-1
- This is a technology platform **but will not impact local authority**
- Review RFP requirements and provide feedback to Cal OES



Updated Funding Plan

- SETNA Legislation
 - Trailer Bill posted to Dept of Finance Website Spring 2019
- Governor's Budget
 - Included \$10 Million in FY 2018-19 and \$50 Million in FY 2019-20
 - 2018-19 funds enable immediate progress in upgrading the microwave network to provide redundancies during emergency events
 - 2019-20 funds also partially offset continued revenue declines from the current fee structure, resulting from the failed passage of last year's bill



How you can help with SETNA funding

- Invite your Assembly Member or Senator to your PSAP
- Update Executive leadership team
 - Reach out to Cal OES and 9-1-1 Advisory Board data for additional info
 - Cal OES has developed talking points, and will send to PSAPs when trailer bill is published
- Be ready to answer the questions like:
 - Why is Next Gen 9-1-1 important?
 - Why do we need to update the funding model?



***Cal* OES**

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
OF EMERGENCY SERVICES



Thank You